# **Landfill Gas Overview**

Natural Gas Vehicle Technology Forum Dallas, TX

**January 28, 2003** 

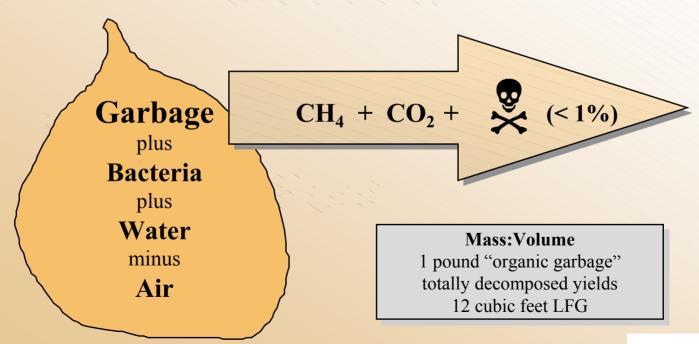
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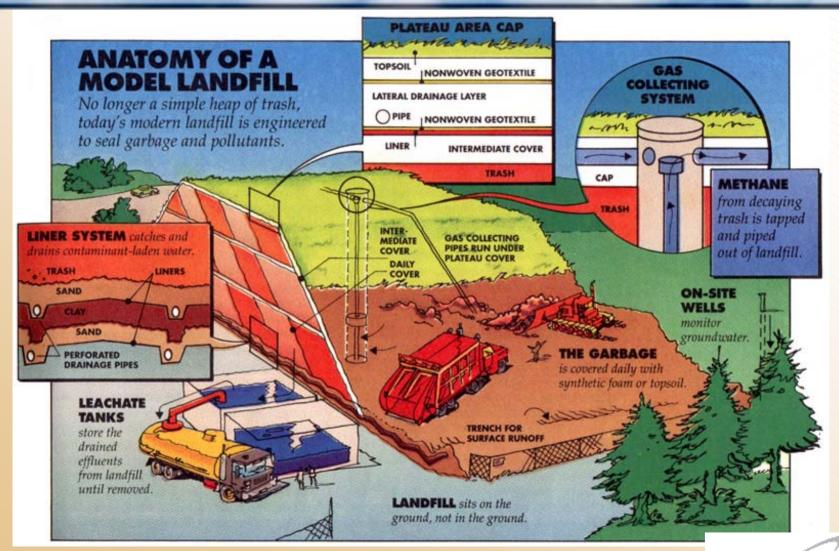


## **Landfill Gas Origin**

LFG is created when organic waste in a landfill naturally decomposes. This gas consists of  $\sim 50$  percent methane (CH4),  $\sim 40$  percent CO<sub>2</sub>,  $\sim 10\%$  other gases, and a small amount of organic compounds. Instead of allowing LFG to escape into the air, it can be captured, converted, and used as an energy source.



#### **Modern Landfill**



#### Why LFG to LNG?

- As of August 2002, EPA lists over 330 LFG projects, with another 500 landfill gas recovery projects feasible
- Converting waste to energy makes economic sense and is good public/environmental policy
- When used as a transportation fuel, LNG has a higher market value than pipeline gas

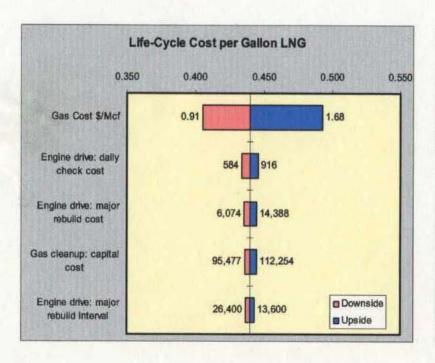


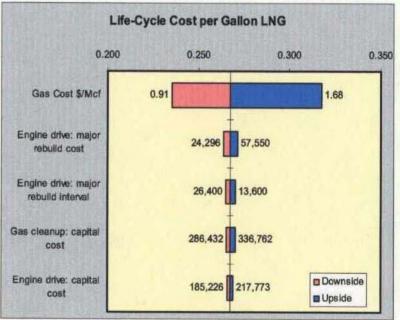
- Refuse haulers are a captive market for LNG from LFG
- Excess LNG and liquid CO2 are also marketable
- IRS has classified landfill gas as a renewable energy source (tax advantage)

## **GTI's Cost Analysis**

- 1,000 gal/day
  - \$0.44/gal life-cycle cost

- 5,000 gal/day
  - \$0.27/gal life-cycle cost







## **Questions Concerning LFG Recovery**

- Several types of cleanup systems are needed –
   acid-gas, water, containments, bulk CO<sub>2</sub>, and trace CO<sub>2</sub>
- Several types of liquefiers are available, such as turbo expanders (high pressure) and mixed refrigerant (low pressure)
- System integration is the key



- Capital/ Maintenance/ Operation costs are unknown, but 10,000 gal/day unit generates \$5,000/day revenue
- Develop synergisms with other revenue-producing products like liquid CO<sub>2</sub> and peak electrical power generation



#### **DOE Answers to LFG Questions**

#### **PARTNERING WITH:**

- Waste Management, Applied LNG Technologies, and State of Pennsylvania at the Arden, PA Landfill for operation and maintenance data
- Acrion, Mack Truck, and Air Products for 10,000 gal supply of LNG from the Burlington, NJ landfill using CO<sub>2</sub> wash technology for engine fuel quality test
- INEEL and PG&E on developing the cyclone removal of trace amounts of CO<sub>2</sub>
- Supported in part Cryogenic Fuel System LNG recovery from the Hartland landfill, B.C. for adsorbent gas cleanup and turbo-expander liquefier





#### Acrion's LFG to LNG

Acrion Technologies, Inc Figure 1 LFG to LNG Flow Diagram as Quoted by Witteman Permeate Recycle Final Report 2002 LNG 11,000 gpd 2.1 mmsdfd Final CQ to flare food grade @O RefrigerationStorage Removal CompressiorCO2 Wash page 3 Acrion Technologies, Inc November, 2002

## Do NGV(s) have a Future?

- New EPA regulations have eliminated the environmental driver for Natural Gas Vehicles
- MBTA has recently selected clean diesel over NGV for its transit bus fleet
- Refuse trucks are the only near-term market for natural gas
- A fuel-efficient natural gas powered vehicle that meets EPA 2007 emission requirements will be in demand after 2007
- Heavy vehicle manufacturers can leverage its expertise on natural gas engines for refuse haulers into new markets after 2007



